

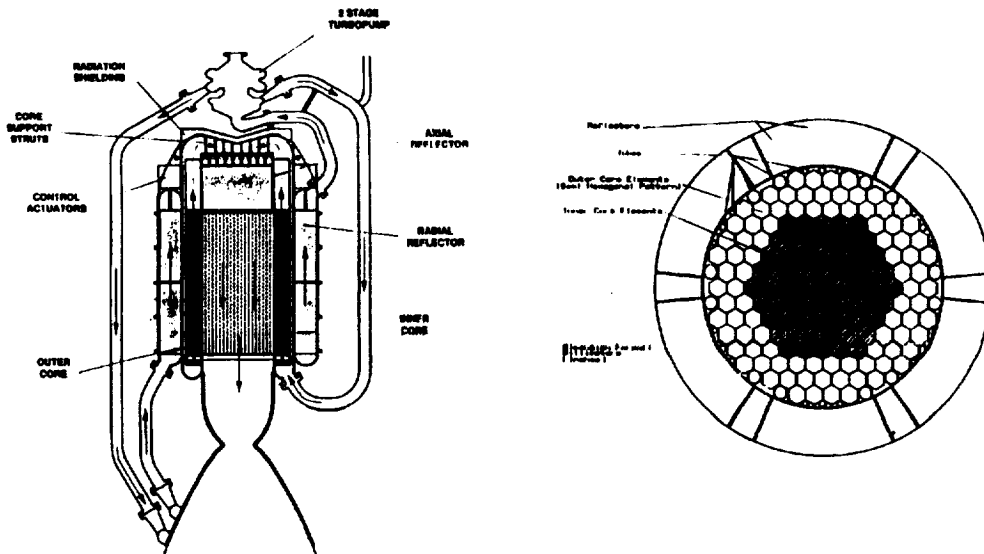
COMPUTATIONAL MODELING OF NUCLEAR THERMAL ROCKETS



Steven D. Peery
Pratt & Whitney
22 October 1992

XNR2000 NTR BASELINE DESIGN

Dual-Pass Cermet Fueled Reactor



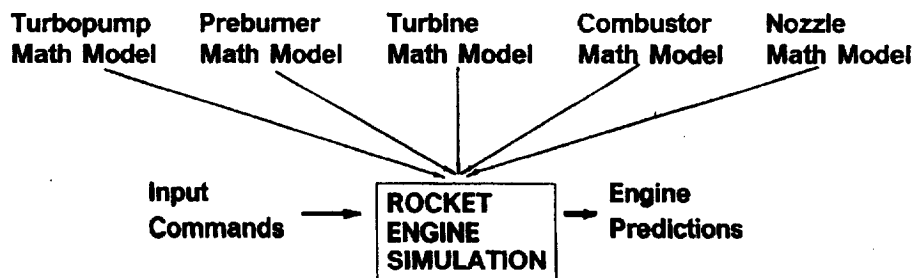
ROCKET ENGINE TRANSIENT SIMULATION (ROCETS) SYSTEM

Developed Under MSFC Contract NAS8-36994

- **System Developed To Model Steady-State and Transient Performance of a Wide Variety of Rocket Engine Cycles**
- **System Has Been Expanded for Nuclear Thermal Rocket (NTR) Concept Studies**

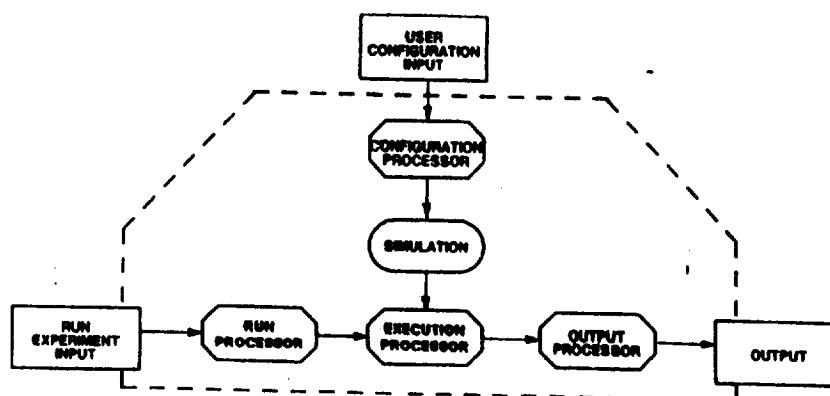
ROCETS PERFORMANCE SIMULATIONS COMPOSED OF INTEGRATED COMPONENT MODELS

- **Thermal-Fluid Component Models**
- **Component-by-Component**
- **Transient and Steady State**



ROCETS SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

SIGNIFICANT FEATURES



ROCETS ENGINEERING NTR MODULES

Component Performance Models

Reactor (Core, Reflector, Shielding)

Turbopump

Turbine

Plumbing & Valves

Mixers

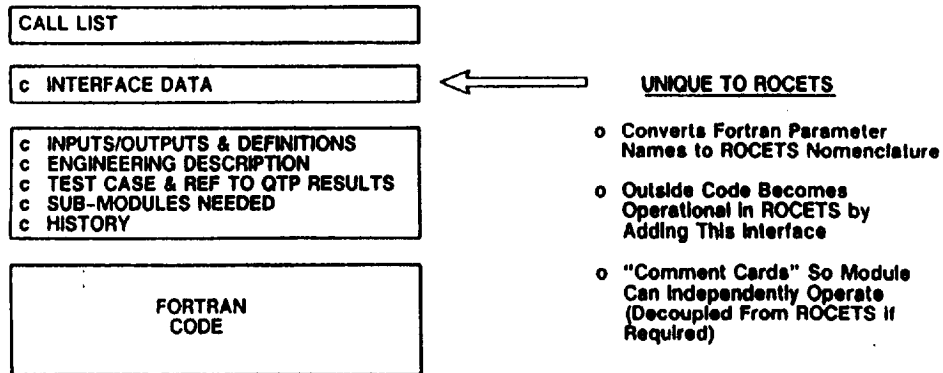
Chamber & Nozzle Cooling

Nozzle Performance

Weight

- Neutronics
 - Diffusion
 - Transport
 - MCNP
- Thermal Fluid CFD
- Properties

ROCETS SYSTEM EASILY ADAPTS FORTRAN ENGINEERING MODULES



ROCETS NTR REACTOR MODULE

Fluid Thermodynamic Model

Reactor Module Input

- Propellant inlet conditions
- Propellant flow rate
- Desired exit temperature
- Calculated radial and axial power profiles
- Fuel element geometry

Reactor Module Output

- Required reactor power
- Propellant thermophysical properties throughout reactor
- Reactor temperatures

ROCETS NTR TURBOMACHINERY MODULE

Hardware Modeling and Clean-Sheet Design Capability

Turbopump Module

- Sets speed based on N_{ss}
- Determines power and size for requested headrise
- Calculates efficiency and pump design parameters

Turbine Module

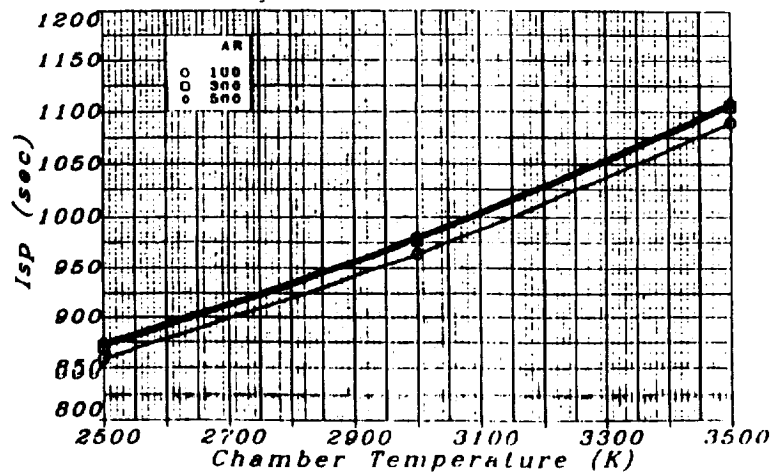
- Determines size and exit conditions for required power
- Limits wheel speed to stay within stress limits
- Calculates efficiency and turbine design parameters

ROCETS NTR NOZZLE PERFORMANCE MODULE

2-DK with Finite Rate Chemistry and Boundary Layer Analysis

Determines Delivered Nozzle Performance and Contours for Both High and Low Pressure Concepts

5 - 1500 psia P_c
2500 - 3500 K T_c
25 - 500 AR



XNR2000 ENGINE PERFORMANCE

Thrust = 25,000 lbf (Baseline)
T/W = 5.3
t₉ = 900.0 sec

PROPELLANT FLOW ENGINE STATION CONDITIONS

Station Location	Pressure (psia)	Temperature (Deg K)	Flow (lbm/s)	Enthalpy (Btu/lbm)	Density (lbm/ft ³)
Engine Inlet	26.7	20.6	14.0	-108.0	4.38
Pump Inlet	25.7	20.6	14.0	-108.0	4.38
Pump Exit	2179.3	34.7	14.0	13.0	4.56
Nozzle Coolant Inlet	2157.6	34.8	8.4	13.0	4.55
Reflector Coolant Inlet	1932.6	103.1	28.1	440.9	1.77
Turbine Inlet	1901.6	226.9	11.8	1343.7	0.80
Turbine Exit	1218.2	207.2	11.8	1199.9	0.58
Outer Core Inlet	1108.9	210.4	27.8	1221.6	0.52
Inner Core Inlet	956.3	1659.4	27.8	8865.0	0.06
Chamber	765.9	2668.7	27.8	18188.3	0.03

REACTOR CHARACTERISTICS

Two-Pass Design	11.5	in
Inner Core Diameter	18.1	in
Outer Core Diameter	32.2	in
Reflector Diameter	344.1	in
Pressure Drop	2880.0	K
Max. RX Fuel Temp.	M6-UO2,90	
Outer Core Fuel M ¹	W-UO2,61	
Inner Core Fuel M ¹	9.41	MW/t
Power Density	510.4	MW
Total Power		

NOZZLE CHARACTERISTICS

Nozzle Area Ratio	200.	
Throat Area	18.8	in**2
Exit Dia.	5.8	ft
Nozzle C*	16443	ft/s
Nozzle Length	10.6	ft
Total S.A.	22524	in**2
Regen. Construction	Cu Tubes	
Rad. Construction	Cb Sheet	

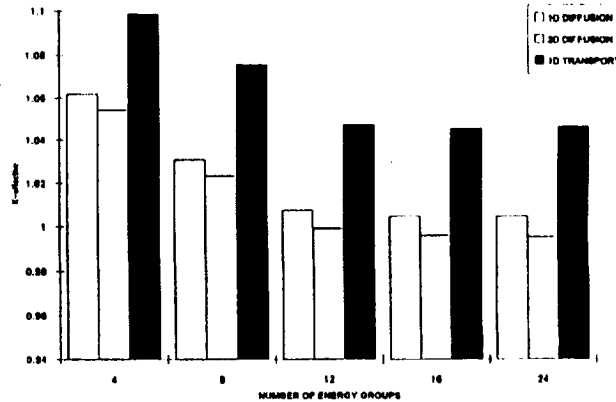
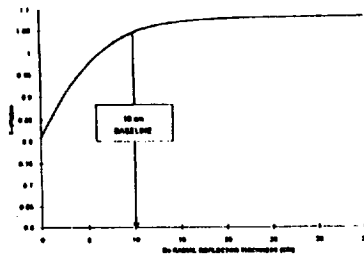
PUMP CHARACTERISTICS

Overall Efficiency	73.2	%
Head Rise	69,018	ft
NPSH Avail.	302.9	ft
Speed	71,323	RPM
Power	2403.2	HP
Vol. Flow Rate	1379	gpm
Stg I Flow Coeff.	0.114	
Stg II Flow Coeff.	0.113	
Stg I Head Coeff.	0.521	
Stg II Head Coeff.	0.521	
Utip 1	1460.	ft/s
Utip 2	1460.	ft/s

TURBINE CHARACTERISTICS

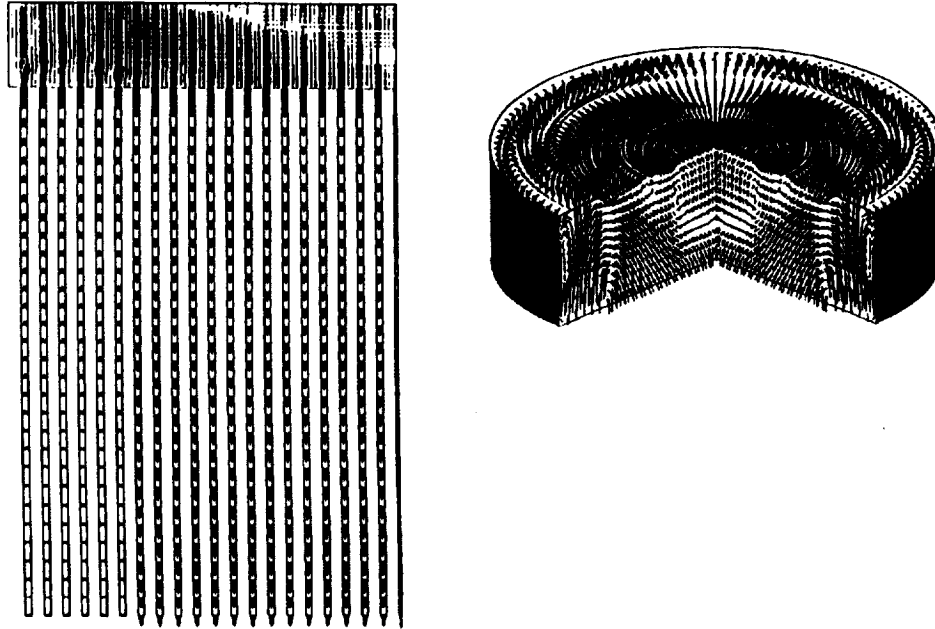
Inlet Temperature	226.9	K
Inlet Pressure	1901.6	psia
Mass Flow	11.8	lbm/s
Overall Efficiency	85.4	%
Speed	71,233	RPM
Pressure Ratio	1.56	
Inlet Flow Parameter	0.125	
Overall Velocity Ratio	0.54	
DH Actual	143.8	Btu/lb
AN**2(E-08)	193.	
Mean Dia.	4.66	in

DETAILED REACTOR ANALYSIS CONDUCTED OUTSIDE OF SYSTEM PERFORMANCE EVALUATION



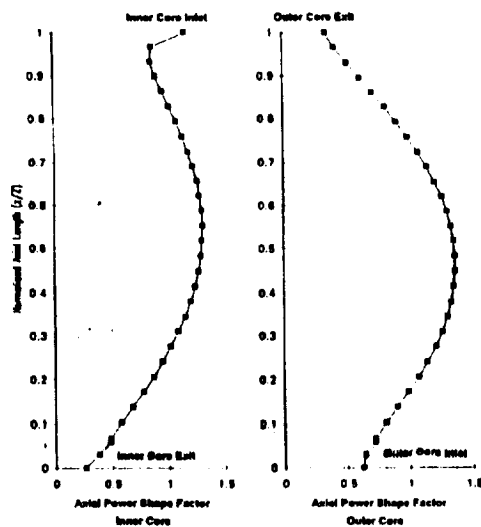
TFS PREDICTED FLOW DITRIBUTION

CFD Benchmarks Reactor Engineering Module

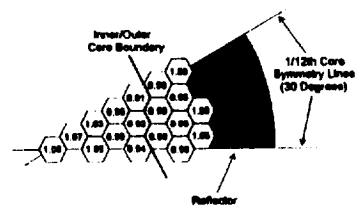


PREDICTED REACTOR POWER PROFILES

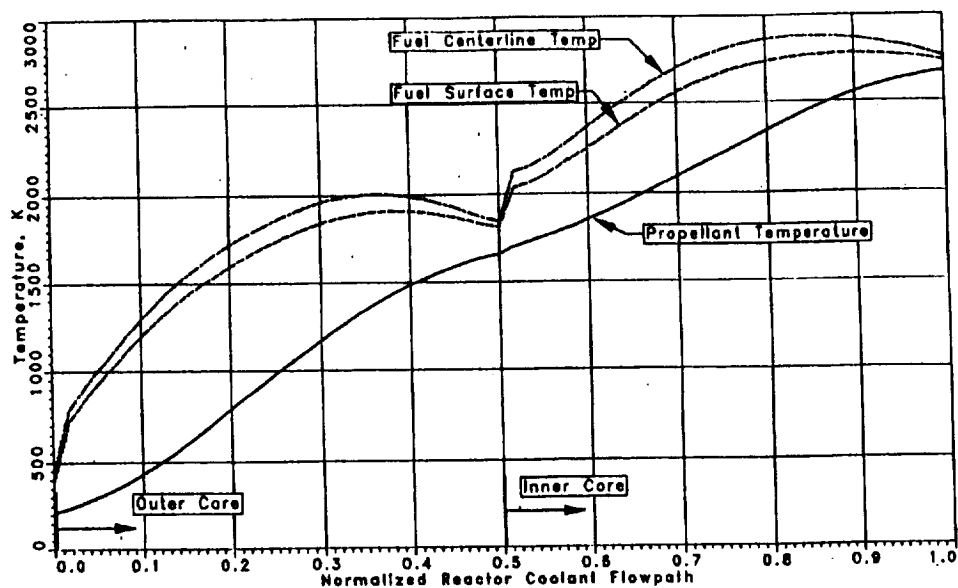
Input for Reactor Engineering Module



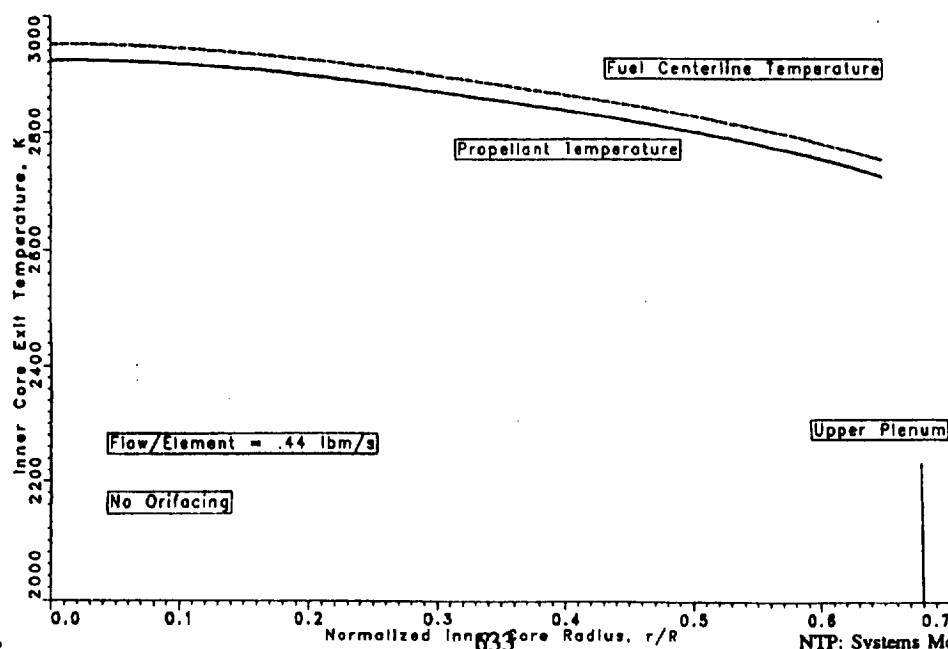
Radial Assembly Averaged Power Peaking Factors
(Normalized to Both Inner and Outer Cores)



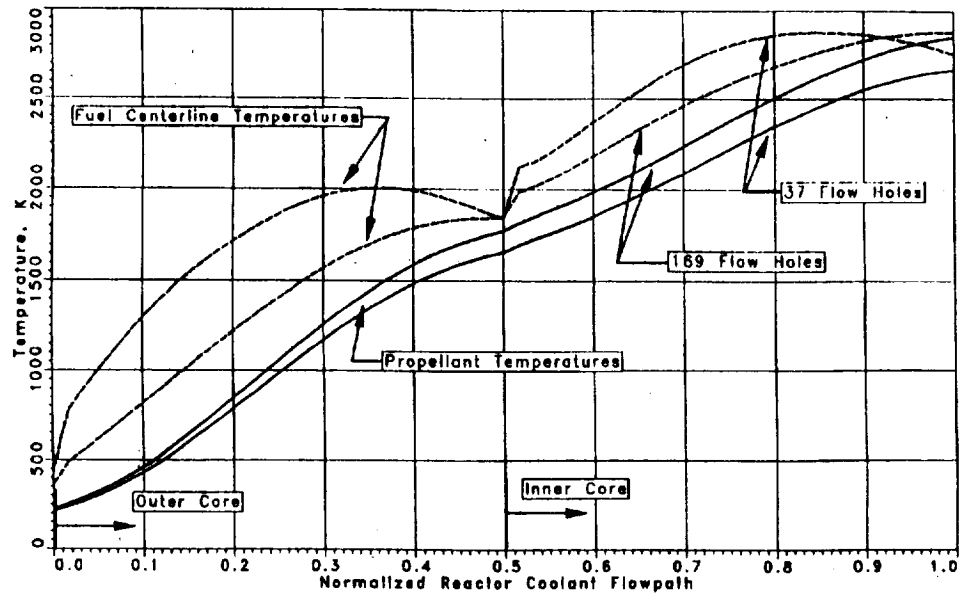
25,000 Thrust Baseline Configuration
Reactor Thermal Hydraulics



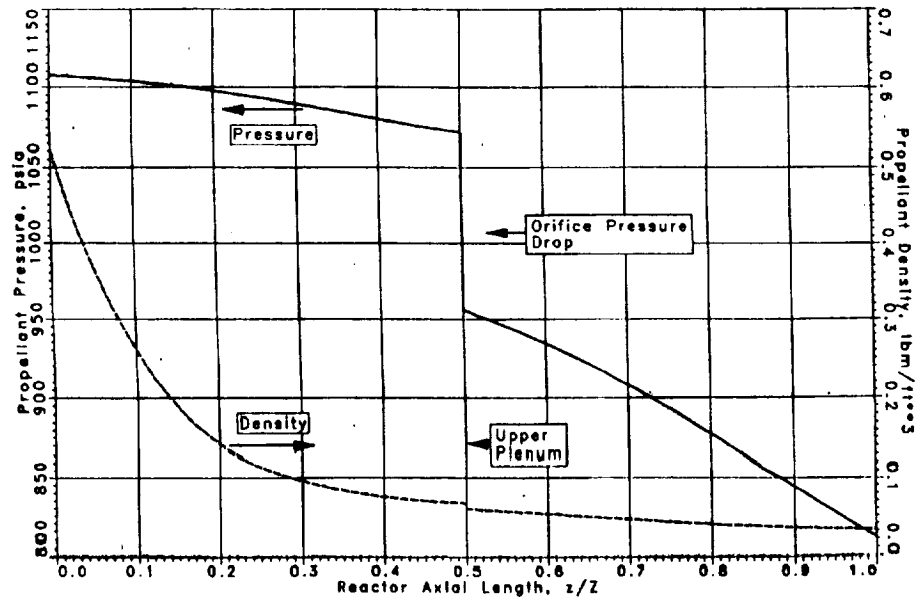
XNR2000 INNER CORE EXIT TEMPERATURE DISTRIBUTION
Accounting for Radial Power Distribution



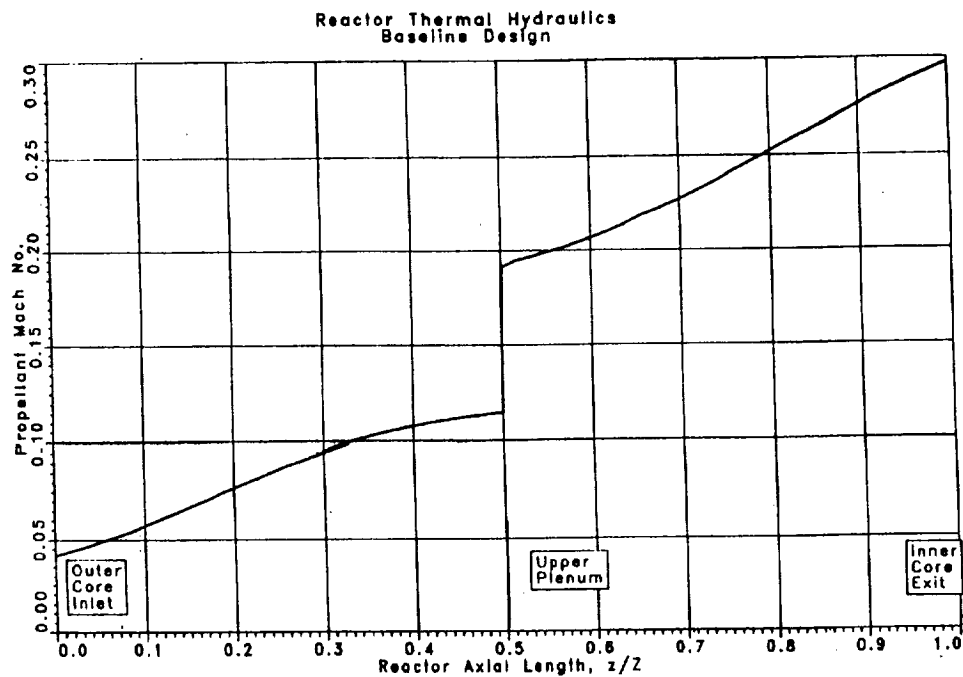
169 vs 37 Fuel Element Coolant Channels
Reactor Thermal Hydraulics



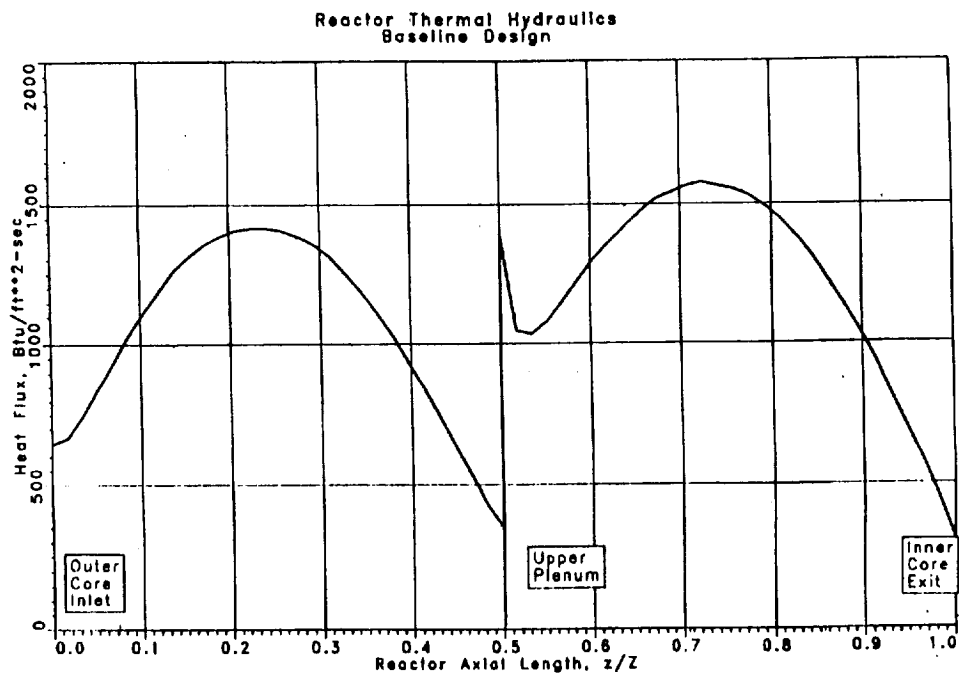
Reactor Thermal Hydraulics
Baseline Design



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S. D. PEERY



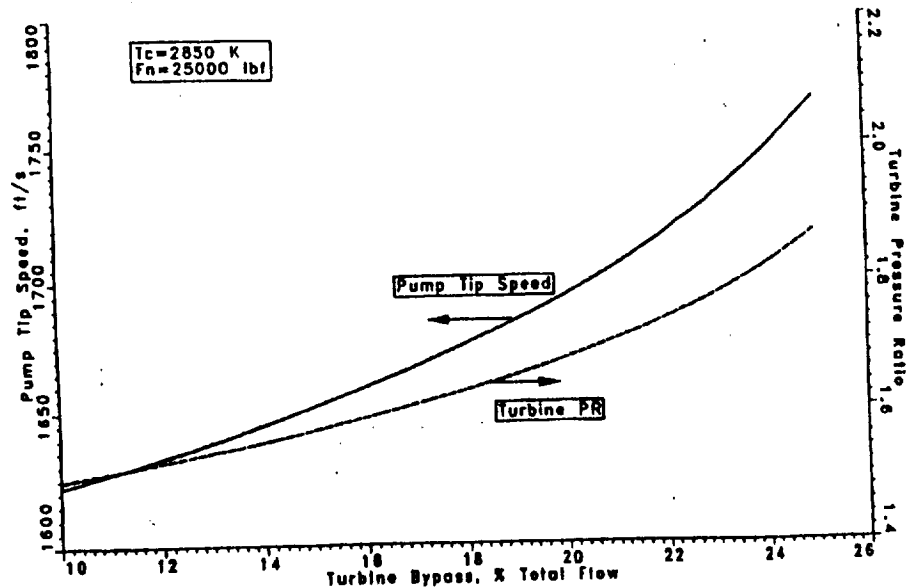
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TURBINE BYPASS IMPACT ON SYSTEM

Cycle Impact on Component Design

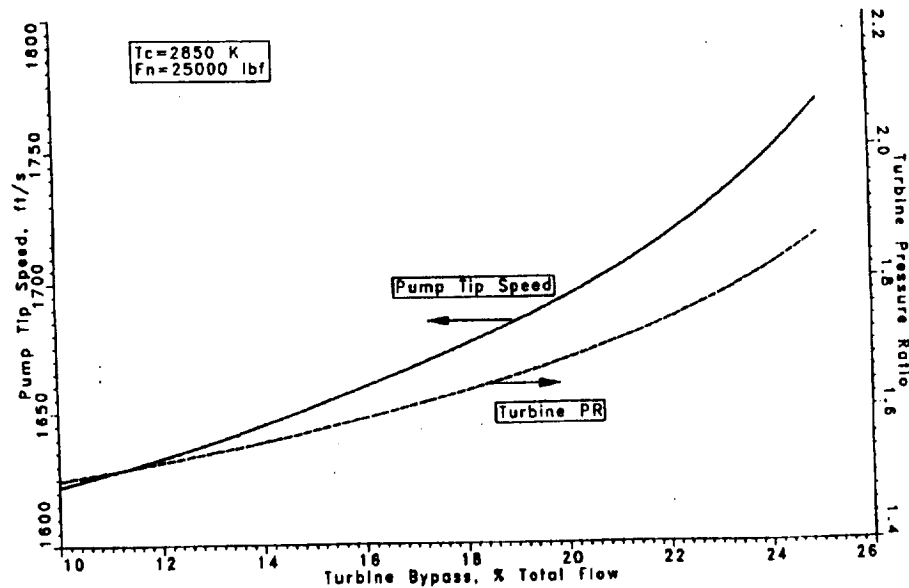


ROCETS NTR ENGINE SIMULATION SUMMARY

- NTR Engine Simulation Computational Models In-Place
- NTR Simulation is Flexible
- Permits Great Level of Detail
- Permits Incorporation of Test Data
- Open Architecture Allows Continual Model Enhancements
- Permits Parametric NTR System Optimization

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